

Installation and Operating Instructions

Evershine TLC4000/5000/6000/8000/10000 Solar Inverter

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1 About this manual

General Notes

Evershine is a transformerless solar inverter with two MPP trackers. It converts the direct current (DC) from the PV arrays to grid-compliant alternating current (AC) and feeds it into the grid.

1.1 Validity

This manual describes the mounting, installation, commissioning and maintenance of the following Zeversolar inverters:

- Evershine TI C4000
- Evershine TLC5000
- Evershine TLC6000
- Evershine TLC8000
- Evershine TLC10000

Observe all documentation that accompanies the inverter. Keep them in a convenient place and available at all times.

1.2 Target group

This document is intended for qualified persons and end users. Only qualified persons are allowed to perform the activities marked in this document with a warning symbol. Tasks that do not require any particular qualification are not marked and can also be performed by end users. Qualified persons must have the following skills:

- Knowledge of how an inverter works and is operated
- Training in how to deal with the dangers and risks associated with installing and using electrical devices and installations
- Training in the installation and commissioning of electrical devices and installations
- · Knowledge of the applicable standards and directives
- Knowledge of and compliance with this document and all safety information.

1.3 Symbols used in this manual

The following safety precautions and general information are used in this manual:



DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not be avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not be avoided, can result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not be avoided, can result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

NOTICE indicates a situation which, if not be avoided, can result in property damage.



INFORMATION provides tips which are valuable for the optimal installation and operation of the inverter.

2 Safety

2.1 Intended use

- 1. Evershine converts the direct current from the PV arrays into grid-compliant alternating current.
- 2. Evershine is suitable for indoor and outdoor use.
- 3. Evershine must only be operated with PV arrays (PV modules and cabling) of protection class II, in accordance with IEC 61730, application class A.

 Do not connect any sources of energy other than PV modules to Evershine.
- 4. PV modules with a high capacity to ground must be used if their coupling capacity does not exceed 1.0μ F.
- 5. When the PV modules are exposed to light, a DC voltage is supplied to this device.
- 6. When designing the PV power plants, ensure that the values comply with the permitted operating range of all components at all times. The free design program "Zeverplan" (http://www.zeverplan.com) will assist you.

2.2 Safety standards

Evershine complies with the EU Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC and the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. Evershine also complies with the requirements for safety and EMC in Australia and New Zealand market.

Evershine labeles with the CE and RCM marks. For more detail information about certificates in other countries and regions, please visit website (http://www.zeversolar.com).

2.3 Important safety information

A DANGER

· All work on the inverter must only be carried out by qualified personnel who have

read and fully understood all safety information contained in this manual.

A WARNING

Risk of injury due to electric shock and fire caused by high leakage current

• The inverter must be reliably grounded in order to protect property and personal safety.

A CAUTION

Risk of injury due to hot heat sink

· The heat sink may get hot during operation. Do not touch!

A CAUTION

Possible damage to health as a result of the effects of electromagnetic radiation

• Please maintain a distance of at least 20cm from the inverter when it is in operation.

NOTICE

Grounding the PV modules frame

- Comply with local regulations for grounding the PV array. We suggest the frames of PV modules must be reliably grounded.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Do not ground any of the terminals of the PV strings.

2.4 Symbols on the type label

1	Contending
lcon	Explanation
\wedge	Risk of danger, warning and caution
	Safety information important for human safety. Failure to observe the safety
	information in this manual may result in injury or death.
A	Danger to life due to electric shock
/4\	The product operates at high voltages. Prior to performing any work on the
	product, disconnect the product from voltage sources. All work on the product
	must be carried out by electrically qualified persons only.
A	Risk of burns due to hot surfaces
(III)	The product can get hot during operation. Avoid contact during operation.
_#_3	Allow the product to cool down sufficiently before carrying out any work.
	WEEE designation
	Do not dispose of the product together with the household waste but in
	accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at the
	installation site.
	CE marking
7	The product complies with the requirements of the applicable EU directives.
S it	Certified safety
TÜV	The product is TUV-tested and complies with the requirements of the EU
SUD SUD Eder	Equipment and Product Safety Act.
^	RCM
	The product complies with the requirements of the applicable Australian low
2	voltage and electromagnetic compatibility standards.
	Capacitors discharge
A 7:	Danger to life due to high voltages in the inverter, observe the waiting
	time of five minutes. Prior to performing any work on the inverter, disconnect it
	from all voltage sources as described in chapter 8.
	Observe the documentation
	Observe all documentation supplied with the product.

2.5 Basic safety protection

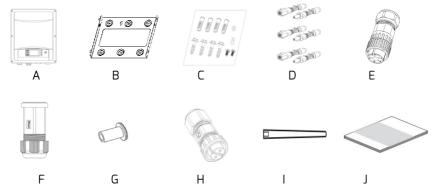
We provide the following safety protection:

- 1. Overvoltage, undervoltage protection.
- 2. Overfrequency, underfrequency protection.
- 3. Overtemperature monitoring.
- 4. Residual current monitoring.
- 5. Isolation fault detection.
- 6. Anti islanding protection.
- 7. DC Injection monitoring.

3.1 Scope of delivery

Object	Description	Quantity		
Α	Inverter	1		
В	Wall bracket	1		
С	Mounting accessory kit: M5×12 pan head screw (2×) wall anchor and hexagon head screw (4×), terminal lug (1×), ground washer (1×)	1		
D	DC connector	2 ⁽¹⁾ /3		
E	AC connection plug	1		
F	RJ45 plug	2		
G	Sealing plug	2/1 ⁽²⁾		
Н	Smart meter connection Plug (optional)	1		
I	WiFi antenna(optional)			
J	Documentation	1		

- (1)2 pairs for TLC4000 \sim TLC6000, and 3 pairs for TLC8000 \sim TLC10000.
- (2)1 pcs for the inverter with WIFI module.



Please carefully check all of the components in the carton. If anything is missing, contact your dealer at once.

3.2 Check for transport damage

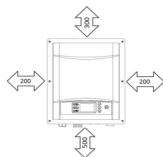
Thoroughly inspect the packaging upon delivery. If you detect any damage to the packaging which indicates the inverter may have been damaged, inform the responsible shipping company immediately. We will be glad to assist you if required.

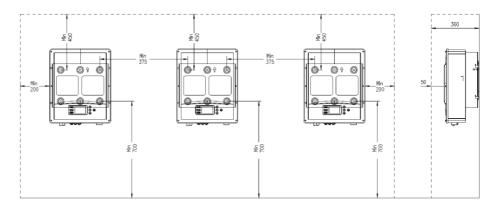
4.1 Ambient conditions

- 1. Be sure that the inverter is mounted out of the reach of children.
- 2. Mount the inverter in areas where it cannot be touched inadvertently.
- 3. Ensure good access to the inverter for installation and possible service.
- 4. The ambient temperature should be below 40°C to ensure optimal operation.
- 5. Observe the minimum clearances to walls, other inverters, or objects as follows to ensure sufficient heat dissipation.

Direction Min. clearance (mm	
above	300
below	500
sides	200

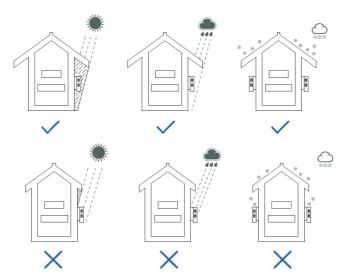
Clearances for one inverter





Clearances for multiple inverters

- 6. In order to avoid power reduction caused by overheating, do not mount the inverter in a location that allows long-term exposure to direct sunlight.
- 7. Ensure optimum operation and extend service life, avoid exposing the inverter to direct sunlight, rain and snow.



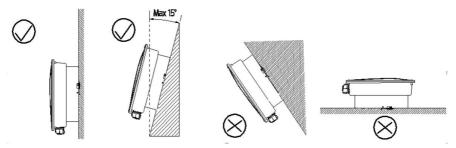
- 8. The mounting method, location and surface must be suitable for the inverter's weight and dimensions.
- 9. If mounted in a residential area, we recommend mounting the inverter on a solid surface. Plasterboard and similar materials are not recommended due to audible vibrations when in use.
- 10. Don't put any objects on the inverter. Do not cover the inverter.

4.2 Selecting the mounting location

WARNING

Danger to life due to fire or explosion

- Do not mount the inverter in areas containing highly flammable materials or gases.
- · Do not mount the inverter in a potentially explosive atmosphere.



- 1. Mount the inverter vertically or tilted backward by max. 15°.
- 2. Never mount the inverter tilted forward or sideways.
- 3. Never mount the inverter horizontally.
- 4. Mount the inverter at eye level to make it easy to operate and read the display.
- 5. The electrical connection area must point downwards.

A CAUTION

Risk of injury when lifting the inverter, or if it is dropped

The weigh of Evershine is max. 24 kg. There is risk of injury if the inverter is lifted incorrectly or dropped while being transported or when attaching it to or removing it from the wall bracket.

- Transport and lift the inverter carefully.
- · Two people are needed to mount the inverter.

A CAUTION

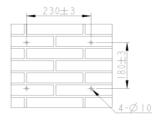
Risk of injury due to damaged cables

There may be power cables or other supply lines (e.g. gas or water) routed in the wall.

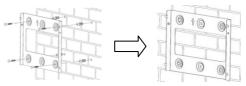
• Ensure that no lines are laid in the wall which could be damaged when drilling holes.

Mounting procedure:

1. Use the wall bracket as a drilling template and mark the positions of the drill holes, then drill 4 holes (Φ 10) to a depth about 70mm. During operation, keep the drill vertical to the wall, and hold the drill steady to avoid tilted holes.



2. After cleaning the dust and other objects from the holes, place 4 wall anchors into the holes, then attach the wall bracket to the wall using the hexagon head screw delivered with the inverter.

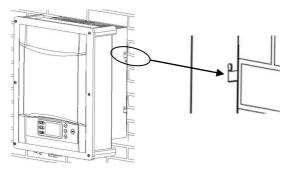


Hold the inverter using the handles at the corners, attach the inverter onto the
 Installation and Operating Instructions

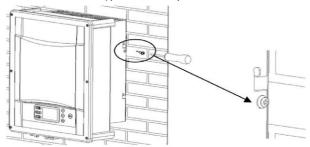
wall bracket tilted slightly downwards.



4. Check both sides of the outer fin of the inverter to ensure that it is securely in place.



5. Attach the outer fins of heat sink to both sides of the wall bracket using M5 screws. (screw driver type: T25, torque: 2.5Nm).



If a second protective conductor is required locally, ground the inverter and secure it so that it cannot be lifted off the wall bracket (see section 5.4.3 "Second protective grounding connection").

5.1 Safety

A WARNING

Danger to life due to high voltages of the PV array

When exposed to sunlight, the PV array generates dangerous DC voltage which is present in the DC conductors and the live components of the inverter. Touching the DC conductors or the live components can lead to lethal electric shocks. If you disconnect the DC connectors from the inverter under load, an electric arc may occur leading to electric shock and burns.

- · Do not touch non-insulated cable ends.
- · Do not touch the DC conductors.
- · Do not touch any live components of the inverter.
- Have the inverter mounted, installed and commissioned only by qualified persons with the appropriate skills.
- · If an error occurs, have it rectified by qualified persons only.
- Prior to performing any work on the inverter, disconnect it from all voltage sources as described in chapter 8.

A CAUTION

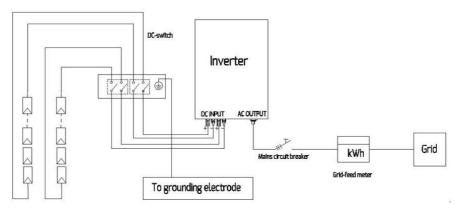
Risk of injury due to electric shock

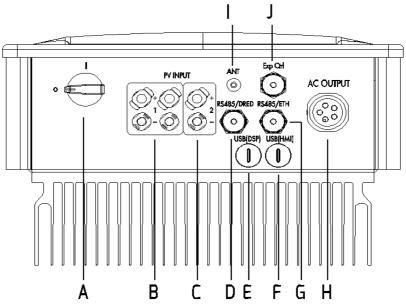
- The external protective grounding conductor is connected to the inverter's protective grounding terminal through the AC connector. Make sure the connection is reliable.
- •When connecting, connect the AC connector first to ensure the inverter grounding reliably and then connect the DC inputs.
- · When disconnecting, disconnect the DC inputs first and then disconnect the AC connector
- Don't connect the DC inputs while the AC connector is disconnected under any circumstances.
- All electrical installations must be done in accordance with the National Wiring Rules
 Standards and Local Code.

5.2 System layout of units without integrated DC-switch

Local standards or codes may require that PV systems are fitted with an external DC-switch on the DC side. The DC-switch must be able to safely disconnect the open-circuit voltage of the PV array plus a safety reserve of 20%.

Install a DC-switch to each PV array to isolate the DC side of the inverter. We recommend the following electrical connection:





Object	Description
Α	DC-switch (optional): switch on or off for PV-load
В	DC input area 1: plug-in connectors to connect the strings
	(only one pair for Evershine TLC4000-6000)
С	DC input area 2: plug-in connectors to connect the strings
D	RS485/DRED(optional) interface: connect the monitoring device
Е	USB (DSP) interface: update the firmware
F	USB (HMI) interface: update the software
G	RS485/ETH(optional) interface: connect the monitoring device
Н	AC output: plug-in connector to connect the grid
I	ANT (optional): antenna, transmit and receive wifi signal
J	Exp Ctrl interface: connect the smart meter device



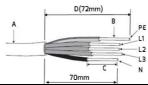
Danger to life due to high voltages in the inverter

• Before performing the electrical connection, ensure that the AC circuit-breaker is switched off and cannot be reactivated.

5.4.1 Conditions for the AC connection

Cable Requirements

The grid connection is made using 5 conductors (L1, L2, L3, N, and PE). We recommend the following requirements for stranded copper conductor.



Object Description Value		Value
A External diameter 1221 mm		1221 mm
В	Conductor cross-section	2.56 mm ²
С	Stripping length of the insulated conductors	Approx. 9 mm
D Stripping length of the AC cable's outer sheath Approx.72 mm		
The PE insulated conductor must be 2 mm longer than the L and N conductors		

Larger cross-sections should be used for longer leads.

Cable Design

The conductor cross-section should be dimensioned to avoid power loss in cables exceeding 1% of rated output power.

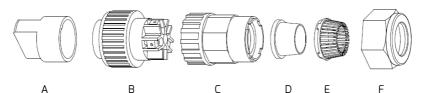
The maximum cable lengths relative to the conductor cross-section as follows:

Conductor		Ma	aximum cable le	ngth	
cross-section	TLC4000	TLC5000	TLC6000	TLC8000	TLC10000
4 mm ²	65 m	53 m	43 m	34 m	27 m
6 mm²	98 m	80 m	65 m	51 m	41 m

The required conductor cross-section depends on the inverter rating, ambient temperature, routing method, cable type, cable losses, valid installation requirements of installation side.

5.4.2 Grid connection

Overview of the AC connection plug

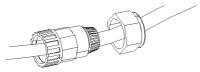


	Object	Description			
Accessory	Α	Plastic fixture (only for gripping easily, remove it after tightening the AC connection plug)			
	В	Socket ele	Socket element		
AC	С	Adapter			
Connection	D*	Seal ring	Thicker seal ring is suitable for cable diameter 12-18mm		
Plug	D	Seatring	Thinner seal ring is suitable for cable diameter 16-21mm		
, tag	E	Fastening	case		
	F	Swivel nut			

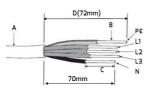
^{*} There are two seal rings in the AC connection plug kit, please choose the suitable one according to different cable external diameter.

Procedure:

- 1. Switch off the AC circuit breaker and secure it against reconnection.
- 2. Guide the swivel nut, the fastening case with sealing ring and the adapter over the AC cable.



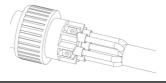
- 3. Strip the cable's outer sheath (72mm) and the conductors' insulation (9mm).
- 4. Insert the bared conductors into the suitable cord end terminals and crimp them by using a crimper.







5. Insert the crimped conductors L1, L2, L3, N and PE into the corresponding terminals and tighten the screw with torque 2.0Nm using an Allen key (AF 2.5).

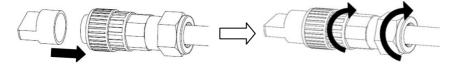




A CAUTION

Damage to the inverter due to wrong wiring

- Please ensure that the type of the conductors matches the signs of the terminals on the socket element.
- 6. Assemble the socket element, adapter and swivel nut together. Match the plastic fixture with the socket element and grip them, then screw the adapter and swivel nut as shown below with a torque of 4Nm.



7. Insert the AC connect plug into the receptacle on the inverter, then screw the socket element clockwise until it snaps into place.

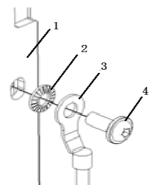


5.4.3 Second protective grounding connection

If required, the grounding terminal can be used to connect a second protective conductor as equipotential bonding.

Procedure

- 1. Take out the terminal lug(OT6-5), insert the stripped grounding conductor into the terminal lug and crimp the contact.
- 2. Align the terminal lug with protective conductor and the ground washer on the screw. The teeth of the ground washer must be facing the heat sink.
- 3. Insert the screw through the hole located at the outer fin of the heat sink and tighten it into the wall bracket firmly (screw driver type: T25, torque: 2.5Nm).



Grounding parts information:

No.	Description
1	Heatsink
2	Ground washer
3	Terminal lug(0T6-5)with protective conductor
4	M5×12 pan head screw

5.4.4 Residual current protection

The inverter is equipped with an all-pole sensitive residual current monitoring unit (RCMU) with an integrated differential current sensor which fulfills the requirement of DIN VDE 0100-712 (IEC60364-7-712:2002).

Therefore, an external residual current device (RCD) is not required. If an external RCD needs to be installed because of local regulations, a RCD type A or type B can be installed as an additional safety measure.

The all-pole sensitive residual current monitoring unit (RCMU) detects alternating and direct differential currents. The integrated differential current sensor detects the current difference between the neutral conductor and the line conductors. If the current difference increases suddenly, the inverter disconnects from the grid. The function of the all-pole sensitive residual current monitoring unit (RCMU) has been tested according to IEC 62109-2.



For installing an external residual current device (RCD)

Where an external residual current device (RCD) is required in a TT or TN-S system, install a residual current device which trips at a residual current of 100mA or higher.

For each connected inverter, a rated residual current of 100mA has to be provided. The rated residual current of the RCD must be equal to at least the sum of the rated residual currents of the connected inverters. That means that, if, for example, 2 transformerless inverters are connected, the rated residual current of the RCD must be at least 200mA.

5.4.5 Overvoltage category

The inverter can be deployed in grids of installation category III or lower, as defined under IEC 60664-1. This means that it can be permanently connected at the grid-connection point in a building. In installations involving long outdoor cable routing, additional overvoltage-reducing measures must be taken so that the overvoltage category is reduced from IV to III.



Danger to life due to fire

You must safeguard each inverter with an individual AC circuit breaker in order that the inverter can be disconnected safely.

No consumer load should be applied between AC circuit breaker and the inverter. The selection of the AC circuit breaker rating depends on the wiring design (wire cross-section area), cable type, wiring method, ambient temperature, inverter current rating, etc. Derating of the AC circuit breaker rating may be necessary due to self-heating or if exposed to heat.

The maximum output current of the inverters and recommended AC circuit breaker can be found in the following table.

Type	Max. output current	Recommended AC circuit breaker rating
TLC4000	6.0 A	
TLC5000	7.5 A	16A
TLC6000	9.1 A	
TLC8000	12.1 A	20A
TLC10000	15.2 A	ZUA

A DANGER

Danger to life due to high voltages in the inverter

- Before connecting the PV generator, ensure that the DC-switch is switched off and that it cannot be reactivated.
- · Do not disconnect the DC connectors under load.

5.5.1 Requirements for the DC connetion



Information for use Y adaptors

Y adaptors must not be visible or freely accessible in the immediate vicinity of the inverter.

- •The DC circuit must not be interrupted by Y adaptors
- In order to interrupt the DC electric circuit, disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources.
- ·Repuirements for the PV modules per MPP input;
- The same type
- The same number of series-connected PV modules
- Identical alignment
- Identical tilt
- The thresholds for the input voltage and the input current of the inverter must be adhered to (see Section 10.1 "Technical DC input data").
- On the coldest day based on statistical records, the open-circuit voltage of the PV array must never exceed the maximum input voltage of the inverter.
- · The connection cables of the PV modules must be provided with the connectors
- The positive connection cables of the PV modules must be fitted with the positive DC connectors. The negative connection cables of the PV modules must be provided with the negative DC connectors.

▲ DANGER

Danger to life due to high voltages on DC conductors

When exposed to sunlight, the PV array generates dangerous DC voltage which is present in the DC conductors. Touching the DC conductors can lead to lethal electric shock.

· Cover the PV modules.

Assemble the DC connectors as described below. Be sure to observe the correct polarity. The DC connectors are marked with the symbols "+" and " - ".



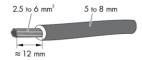
Cable requirements:

The cable must be of type PV1-F, UL-ZKLA or USE2 and comply with the following properties:

- ♦ External diameter: 5-8mm
- ♦ Conductor cross-section: 2.5-6mm²
- ♦ Qty single wires: minimum 7
- ♦ Nominal voltage: minimum 1000V

Proceed as follows to assemble each DC connector.

1. Strip 12 mm of the cable insulation.



2. Route the stripped cable all the way into the DC connector. Ensure that the stripped cable and the DC connector have the same polarity.



3. Press the clamping bracket down until it audibly snaps into place.



4. Ensure that the cable is correctly positioned:

Result	Measure
If the stranded wires are visible in the	·Proceed to step 5.
chamber of the clamping bracket, the cable is	
correctly positioned.	
If the stranded wires are not visible in the	•Release the clamping bracket. To do so, insert
chamber, the cable is not correctly positioned.	a flat-blade screwdriver (blade width: 3.5
	mm) into the clamping bracket and lever it open.
	•Remove the cable and go back to step 2.

5. Push the swivel nut up to the thread and tighten (torque: 2 Nm).



5.5.3 Disassembling the DC connectors

A DANGER

Danger to life due to high voltages on DC conductors

When exposed to sunlight, the PV array generates dangerous DC voltage which is present in the DC conductors. Touching the DC conductors can lead to lethal electric shocks.

- · Cover the PV modules.
- · Do not touch the DC conductors.
- 1. Set the DC-Switch of the inverter to position "o".
- 2. Unscrew the swivel nut.



3. To release the DC connector, insert a flat-blade screwdriver (blade width: 3.5 mm) into the side catch mechanism and lever open.



4. Carefully pull the DC connector apart.



5. Release the clamping bracket. To do so, insert a flat-blade screwdriver (blade width: 3.5 mm) into the clamping bracket and lever it open.



6. Remove the cable.



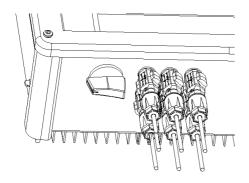
5.5.4 Connecting the PV Array

NOTICE

Damage to the inverter due to overvoltage

If the voltage of the strings exceeds the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter, it can be destroyed due to overvoltage. All warranty claims become void.

- Do not connect strings with an open-circuit voltage greater than the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter.
- · Check the design of the PV system
- 1. Ensure that the individual AC circuit breaker is switched off and secure it against reconnection.
- 2. Ensure that the DC-switch is switched off and secure it against reconnection.
- 3. Ensure that there is no ground fault in the PV strings.
- 4. Check whether the DC connector has the correct polarity.
 If the DC connector fits with a DC cable having the wrong polarity, the DC connector must be reassembled again. The DC cable must always have the same polarity as the DC connector.
- 5. Ensure that the open-circuit voltage of the PV strings does not exceed the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter.
- Connect the assembled DC connectors to the inverter until they audibly snap into place.



NOTICE

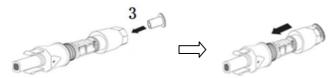
Damage to the inverter due to moisture and dust penetration

Seal the unused DC inputs with sealing plugs so that moisture and dust cannot penetrate the Inverter.

- · Make sure all DC connectors are securely sealed.
- 7. Insert the sealing plugs provided into the DC plug connectors which are not used.
- For unused DC connectors, push down the clamping bracket and push the swivel nut up to the thread.



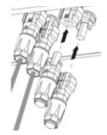
· Insert the sealing plug into the DC connector.



· Tighten the DC connector (torque: 2 Nm).

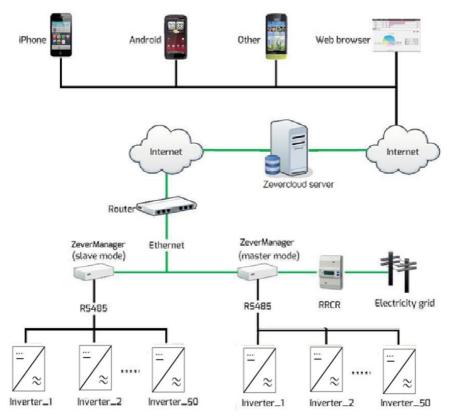


• Insert the DC connectors with sealing plugs into the corresponding DC inputs on the inverter.



6.1 System monitoring via RS485

The inverter integrated with RJ45 interface for communication connection. Monitoring them can be achieved by connecting multiple inverters in series on a RS485 bus, and eventually to ZeverManager. The overall length of the network cable should not exceed 1000m. The monitoring system layout for inverters is as follows:

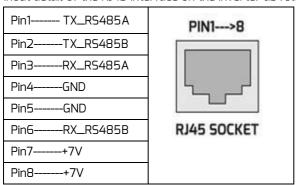


ZeverManager connects to the inverter via the RJ45 interface, and it connects to the router via Ethernet. Then you will be able to connect the inverter to the remote monitoring platform "ZeverCloud". You can monitor the operating status or power generation data via a smart phone or PC. The website address of the "ZeverCloud" is www.zevercloud.com

Installation and Operating Instructions

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Pinout detail of the RJ45 interface on the inverter as follows:



For detailed information, please refer to ZeverManager user manual.



CAT-5 with shield or higher level cable is required as the RS485 communication cable between inverter and ZeverManager. Pinout detail on both ends of the cable should comply with TIA/EIA568A or 568B standard.

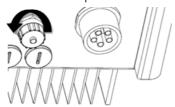
The cable shall be UV resistant if used outdoor.

NOTICE

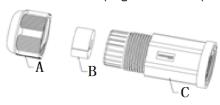
Damage to the inverter due to moisture and dust penetration If the RJ45 plugs are not installed or not installed correctly, the inverter will be destroyed due to moisture and dust entering and corroding the RJ45 port. All warranty claims become void. Make sure the RJ45 plug has been installed correctly and tightened firmly.

Connecting the RJ45 plug:

1. Unscrew the cap nut from the RJ45 keystone socket.

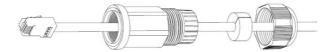


2. Take out the RJ45 plug which accompanies the inverter, and disassemble it.

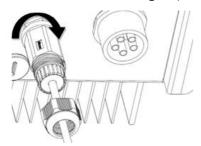


Obje	ect	Description
Α	١	Swivel nut
Е	}	Seal
C	-	Threaded sleeve(with gasket)

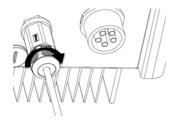
3. Guide the network cable through the components of RJ45 plug as follows.



4. Insert the network cable to the RJ45 keystone socket then screw the threaded sleeve to the RJ45 socket tight by hand.



5. Push the seal into the threaded sleeves; screw the swivel nut to the threaded sleeve tight by hand.

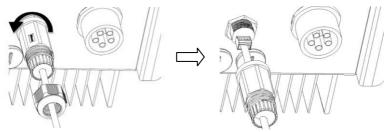


Disassemble the RJ45 plug:

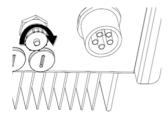
1. Unscrew the swivel nut.



2. Unscrew the threaded sleeve.

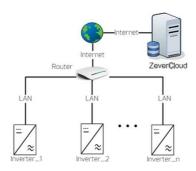


3. Remove the network cable and then screw the cap nut to the RJ45 keystone socket by hand.



6.2 System monitoring via Ethernet

User can monitor the inverter through the integrated Ethernet module (optional), The connection diagram between the inverter and internet with network cable is shown as follows.





Possible reason of communication failure due to closed port

Port #6655 \sim #6660 is used to transfer data to Zevercloud. These ports must be opened, or else the Ethernet module cannot communicate with the Zevercloud and upload data.

For network cable connection between the router and the Ethernet port on the Ethernet module, please refer to the relative instruction at section 6.1.



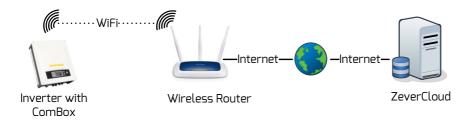
Possible reason of communication failure due to DHCP

The router needs to support DHCP services if the Ethernet module uses the DHCP function.

The inverter obtains an IP address from the router via DHCP automatically and shows it on the display. It takes time to connect to the network depending on the network communication conditions.

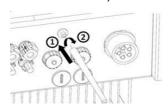
6.3 System monitoring via WiFi

User can monitor the inverter through the integrated Ethernet module with WiFi module (optional). The connection diagram between the inverter and internet with a WiFi connection is shown as follows



Installation steps of the antenna:

- 1. Take the antenna included in the scope of delivery.
- 2. Remove the sealing plug on the WIFI connection port.
- 3. Tighten the antenna to the WIFI connection port by hand. Make sure the antenna is securely connected.



- 4. Open your mobile device or laptop's WLAN page. The new access point called ZEVERSOLAR -XXXX is displayed. Note: "XXXX" stands for the last four digits in the Registry ID (Figure A).
- 5. Connect to the access point using your mobile device or laptop, the password is 'zeversolar'.



Figure A Figure B Figure C

- 6. Start the web browser and type in 'http://160.190.0.1'. The internal website will open.Select a router in the [Wireless] area. The Password/Security Key dialog box will pop up.
- 7. Enter the password of the router (Figure B). If the WiFi device is connected to the router successfully, the status indicator on the wireless page will display the icon (Figure C).
- 8. Please change to a secure WiFi password to ensure highest security and prevent unauthorized access, refer to manual for the process of password change (you can download the manual from Zeversolar home page www.zeversolar.com).
- 9. This page shows the WiFi SSID and password information, you can change the SSID and WiFi password accordingly (default password is 'zeversolar'). To ensure highest security of your system, please change the default password "zeversolar' and keep the new password confidential. If you do not change to a secure password, you expose your system to a risk of unauthorized access by persons who know the default password and are within the reach of the WiFi network.

 Device Wireless Setting

 Monitor SN and Registry Key is printed on the labels which is attached on inverter side and warranty card

ZEVERSOLAR-9103

Devi Name (SSID)



6.4 Inverter demand response modes (DRED)

- DRMS applica
 - DRMS application description
- · Only applicable to AS/NZS4777.2:2015.
- · DRMO, DRM5, DRM6, DRM7, DRM8 are available.

The inverter shall detect and initiate a response to all supported demand response commands, demand response modes are described as follows:

Mode	Requirement	
DRM 0	Operate the disconnection device	
DRM 1	Do not consume power	
DRM 2	Do not consume at more than 50% of rated power	
DRM 3	Do not consume at more than 75% of rated power ANDSource reactive power if capable	
DRM 4	Increase power consumption(subject to constraints from other active DRMs)	
DRM 5	Do not generate power	
DRM 6	Do not generate at more than 50% of rated power	
DRM 7	Do not generate at more than 75% of rated power ANDnot more than 60% reactive power	
DRM 8	Increase power generation(subject to constraints from other active DRMs)	

The RJ45 socket pin assignments for demand response modes as follows:

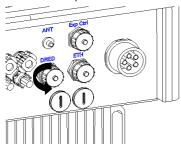
Pin1DRM 1/5	PIN 1> 8	Pin Position
Pin2 DRM 2/6	FIN 1 ==> 0	78 56
Pin3 DRM 3/7		34 -12
Pin4 DRM 4/8		
Pin5 RefGen		
Pin6 Com/DRMO	RJ45 SOCKET	
Pin7N/A		
Pin8 N/A		

Connect the network cable:

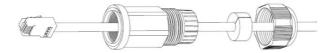
NOTICE

Damage to the inverter due to moisture and dust penetration

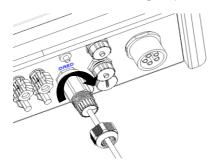
- If the cable glands are not mounted properly, the inverter can be destroyed due to moisture and dust penetration. The entire warranty claim will be invalid.
- · Make sure the cable gland has been tightened firmly.
- 1. Unscrew the cap nut from DRED keystone socket.



2. Take out the RJ45 plug which accompanies the inverter, and then guide the network cable through the components of RJ45 plug as follows.

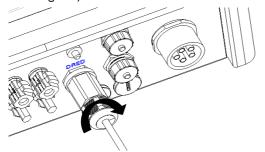


3.Insert the network cable to the DRED keystone socket then screw the threaded sleeve to the RJ45 socket tight by hand.



4. Push the seal into the threaded sleeves, screw the swivel nut to the threaded Installation and Operating Instructions

sleeve tight by hand.



6.5 Smart meter connection (optional).

Cable requirements:

Object	Description	Value
Α	External diameter	5 mm to 8 mm
В	Conductor cross-section	0.14 mm ² to 1.5 mm ²
С	Stripping length of the insulated conductors	approx. 9 mm
D	Stripping length of the outer sheath of the cable	approx. 30 mm



Unscrew the cap nut from the smart meter connection socket, guide the cable through the components of the smart meter connection plug.



Insert conductors into the corresponding screw terminals and tighten, tighten clamp ring and swivel nut. Insert the connection plug into the socket and screw tight



6.5 Communication with a third party monitoring device

This inverter supports communication with the third party monitoring device such as Metecontrol, Solar-Log etc. For detailed wiring method, please refer to operating manual of corresponding third party monitoring device.

6.6 Updating the firmware via USB

If need to update the firmware, use a flat-blade screwdriver (blade width: 9 mm) to unscrew the M20 screw plugs located at the bottom of the housing.

7 Commissioning

NOTICE

Risk of injury due to the faulty installation

We strongly recommend carrying out preliminary checks before commissioning to avoid possible damage to the device caused by faulty installation.

7.1 Electrical check

Carry out the main electrical checks as follows:

① Check the PE connection with a multimeter: check that the inverter's exposed metal surface has a grounding connection.

A WARNING

Danger to life due to the presence of DC-Voltage

- · Only touch the insulation of the PV array cables,
- · Do not touch parts of the sub-structure and frame of the PV array which isn't grouned,
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Wear personal protective equipment such as insulating gloves,
- ② Check the DC voltage values: make sure that the DC voltage of the strings does not exceed the permitted limits.
- ③ Check the polarity of the DC voltage: make sure the DC voltage has the correct polarity.
- ④ Check the PV generator's insulation to ground with a multimeter: make sure that insulation resistance to ground is greater than 1MOhm.

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Danger to life due to the presence of AC-Voltage

- · Only touch the insulation of the AC cables.
- · Wear personal protective equipment such as insulating gloves.
- ©Check the grid voltage: check that the grid voltage at the point of connection of the inverter is within the permitted range.

7.2 Mechanical check

Carry out the main mechanical checks to ensure the inverter is waterproof as follows:

- ①Use sealing plugs for tight sealing of unused DC input connectors.
- ②Make sure the cap nut on the unneeded RJ45 keystone socket has been correctly tightened.
- ③Make sure the AC connector has been installed correctly.

7.3 Start-up

After finishing the electrical and mechanical checks, switch on the AC circuit breaker and DC-switch in turn. Ensure the correct safety setting has been selected for the region. The inverter starts up automatically.

Usually, there are three states during operation.

Waiting: Only when the initial voltage of the strings is greater than the start-up DC voltage, the inverter will start. Once the input voltage is out of the range from 180V to 950V, the inverter will be in waiting state and cannot feed power into the grid.

Checking: When the initial voltage of the strings exceeds the start-up DC input voltage, the inverter will check feeding conditions at once. If there is anything wrong during checking, the inverter will switch to the "Fault" mode.

Normal: After checking, the inverter will switch to "Normal" state and feed power into the grid.

During periods of low irradiation, the inverter may continuously startup and shut down. This is due to insufficient power generated by the PV generator. If this fault occurs often, contact the service.



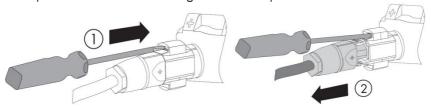
Quick troubleshooting

If the inverter is in "Fault" mode, refer to chapter 11 "Troubleshooting".

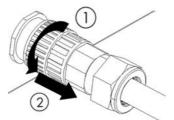
8 Disconnecting the inverter from voltage sources

Before performing any work on the inverter, disconnect it from all voltage sources as described in this section. Always adhere strictly to the given sequence.

- 1. Disconnect AC circuit breaker and secure against reconnection.
- 2. Disconnect the DC-switch and secure against reconnection.
- 3. Use a current probe to ensure that no current is present in the DC cables.
- 4. Release and disconnect all DC connectors. To do so, insert a flat-blade screwdriver or an angled screwdriver (blade width: 3.5 mm) into one of the side and pull the DC connectors straight out. Do not pull on the cable.



5. Release and disconnect the AC connector. Rotate the socket element counter-clockwise to open.



6. Wait until all LEDs and the display have gone out.



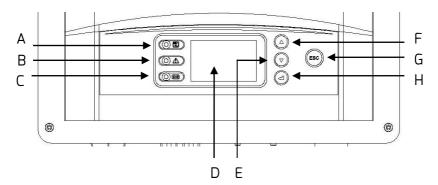
DANGER

The capacitors in the inverter take 5 minutes to discharge.

 \cdot Wait 5 minutes before performing any work on the inverter.

9.1 Overview of the control panel

The inverter is equipped with a control panel which includes a LCD, three LED indicators and four control buttons. You can view the data and set the parameters of the inverter using the control buttons.



Object	Description	
А	Normal (Green LED)	
В	Fault (Red LED)	
С	Communication (Bicolor LED)	
D	LCD	
Е	▼ (Down button)	
F	▲ (Up button)	
G	ESC (Exit button)	
Н	← (Enter button)	

9.2 LED indicators

The inverter is equipped with three LED indicators including "green", "red" and "bicolor" which provide information about the various operating status as follows.

Green LED:

The green LED is lit when the inverter is operating normally.

Red LED:

The red LED is lit when the inverter has stopped feeding power into the grid due to a fault. The corresponding error code will be shown on the display at the same time.

Bicolor I FD:

The bicolor LED can blink green or red. It blinks during communication with other devices such as ZeverManager, Solarlog, etc. The LED blinks green when ZeverManager is sending information to the inverter, and blinks red when the inverter is sending information to the ZeverManager. The LED will be lit with green during firmware updating.

9.3 Display messages

Along with the various operating states, various messages may be shown on the display as follows.

State	Error code	Description	Causes	
			Initial PV voltage is between Min.DC input	
		Waiting	voltage and start-up DC input voltage of	
			the inverter.	
Initialization			The inverter is checking feeding conditions	
		Checking	after initial PV voltage exceeds start-up	
			DC input voltage of the inverter.	
		Reconnect	The inverter is checking feeding conditions	
		Reconnect	after the last fault has been solved.	
Normal		Normal	The inverter is operating normally.	
	1	SPI Fault	Communication between the master and	
	ı	JFTT dutt	slave CPU has failed.	
	2	EEPROM R/W	Reading or writing of EEPROM fails	
		Fault	Treating of writing of EEF Mointraits	
	3	Rly-Check Fault	Output relay has failed.	
	4	DC INJ. High	DC injection of the output current exceeds	
		DC IIVS. FIIght	the permitted upper limit.	
	8	AC HCT Fault	Output current sensor is abnormal.	
	9	GFCI Fault	GFCI detection circuit is abnormal.	
Fault	10	Device Fault	Unknown Error	
	11	M-S version	Different firmware version between the	
	11	unmatched	master and slave CPU.	
	רר	Fac Fault	The grid frequency lies outside the	
	33	Fac Fault	permitted range.	
	34	Vac Fault	The grid voltage lies outside the permitted	
	4د	vac rault	range.	
			The utility can not be detected, which may	
	35	Utility Loss	be caused by no utility, grid disconnected,	
			AC cable damage, fuse broken or island.	

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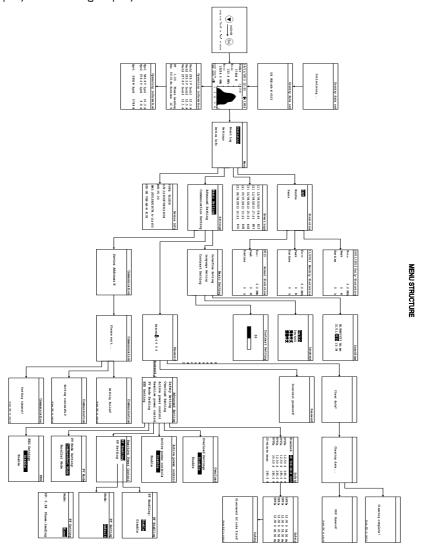
	36	Ground Fault	The residual current exceeds the
	30	di bana i datt	permitted upper limit.
	37	PV Overvoltage	The voltage of the strings exceeds the
	٠, د	1 V OVEI VOLLAGE	permitted upper limit.
			The PV generator's insulation resistance
	38	ISO Fault	to ground is below the permitted value, or
	50	150 Fault	the electrical insulation inside the inverter
			has failed.
	40		The internal temperature exceeds the
	40	Over Temp.	permitted value.
Fault		Vac differs	A different value of grid voltage has been
	41	for M-S	detected by the master and slave MCU.
		Fac differs for	A different value of grid frequency has
	42	M-S	been detected by the master and slave
			MCU.
		Ground I differs	A different value of residual current has
	43	for M-S	been detected by the master and slave
			MCU.
	44	DC Inj. differs	A different value of DC injection has been
		for M-S	detected by the master and slave MCU.
	46	High DC Bus	The voltage of DC Bus exceeds the
			permitted upper limit.
	48	10min Grid	Grid voltage of ten minutes average
	רי	Overvoltage	exceed the safety set value
	61	DRMS(S9 Open)	DRMS communication fail
	62	DRMS (SO Close)	DRMS order disconnection device
	64	PV input mode	PV input mode set mismatch with PV
	04	set Fault	actual connection

The last 10 dated failure reports on the NS protection can be read from LCD. An interruption in the supply voltage of \leq 3s does not result in any loss of failure reports (according to VDE-AR-N 4105).

ISO fault(error code 38) and Ground(error code 36) fault will trigger buzzer alarm. And it only happens when the safety of AU AS 4777.2 occupies.

9.4.1 Overview of menu structure

The menu structure serves as a support to change to the individual information displays and setting displays.



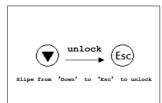
9.4.2 Initial page

When the inverter starts up, LCD will first display an initial page that shows the current safety standard. The page will display for about 5 seconds and then jump to the home page automatically.



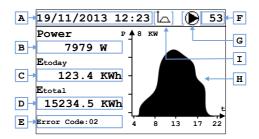
9.4.3 Unlock page

When the backlight of the LCD has turned off, press any key to active. You need to touch the " ∇ " arrow and "Esc" buttons in sequence to unlock and enter the home page for operation.



9.4.4 Home page

The home page shows important running data of inverter such as the real-time output power, daily energy, error code, and power graph.



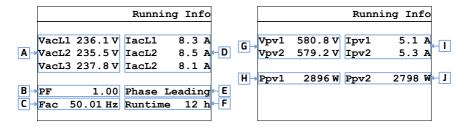
The LCD will switch to standby mode and jump to the home page automatically, and the backlight will turn off when there is no button operation in 30 seconds.

Object	Description
Α	Date&Time
В	Output power
С	Daily energy
D	Total energy
Е	Error code*, see chapter 9.3
F	Checking time
G	Operating status: Swaiting, Poperating, Sfault
Н	Field area of output power from 4:00 to 22:00
Ī	Load limit Enable Indication

^{*}The operating temperature of the inverter can't be lower than -25°C. The inverter goes into fault mode and stops power generation when the temperature is lower than -25°C. The LCD will show the error message "Temp. under -25°C".

9.4.5 Operation information

There are two pages showing the current operating data about the AC&DC sides of the inverter respectively. Switch between these 2 pages by pressing the " \blacktriangle " or " \blacktriangledown " button.



Object	Description
Α	Grid voltage
В	Power factor
С	Grid frequency
D	Output current
Е	Phase leading or lagging
F	Running hours of the current day
G	DC input voltage
Н	DC input power of MPPT 1
1	DC input current
J	DC input power of MPPT 2

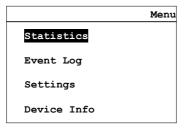
9.4.6 Main menu

Press the " - " button to enter the main menu from the home page.

Press the "▼" or "▲" button to select the menu item.

Press the " - button to confirm.

Press the "ESC" button to return to the home page.



9.4.7 Statistics

Press the " \blacktriangle " or " \blacktriangledown " button to select the "Statistics" item of main menu and press "

→ " button to enter.

Press the "▲" or "▼" button to select "Daily", "Monthly" or "Yearly".

Press the " 🕶 " button to confirm.

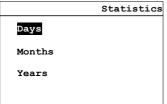
Press the "▲" button once to display the previous history record.

Press the "▼" button once to display the next history record.

Press the "ESC" button to return to the main menu.

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09/11/2013	Day Statist	ics
Etoday	0.0	KWh
Peak	0	W
Runtime	0	h

9.4.8 Event log

Press the " \blacktriangle " or " \blacktriangledown " button to select the "Event Log" item of main menu and press the "战" button to enter.

Press the "▲" or "▼" button to review the event log.

Press the "ESC" button to return to the main menu.

			Event	Logs	
A		12/09/2013 11/09/2013		E12 E03	В
	[3]	10/08/2013	15:23	E43	
	[4]	07/07/2013	13:23	E45	
	[5]	02/06/2013	12:23	E01	

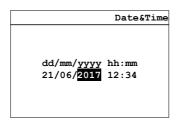
Object Description		Description
	Α	Date and time of the fault
	В	Error code

9.4.9 Data&Time Setting

Press the "▲" or "▼" button to select the "Setting" item. Press" ← " button to enter. The select the "Basic Setting" and press the " ← " button to enter. Press the "▼" or "▲" button to select the "Date&Time Setting" and press the " ← " button to confirm.

Use the " \blacktriangle "or " \blacktriangledown "button to set the year, month, day, hour and minute one by one.

Press the "ESC" button to return to the "Basic Setting" page.



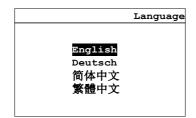
9.4.10 Language setting

Enter the sub-menu "Basic Setting" and press the "▼" or "▲" button to select the "Language Setting" and press the " ◄ " button to enter.

Use the "▲" or "▼" to choose the language.

Press the " - button to confirm.

Press the "ESC" button to return to the "Basic Setting" page.



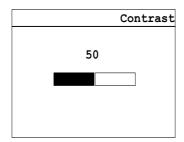
9.4.11 Contrast setting

Enter the sub-menu "Basic Setting" and press the "▼" or "▲" button to select the "Contrast Setting" and press the " ◄ " button to enter.

Use the "▲" or "▼" to choose the LCD contrast.

Press the " - button to save.

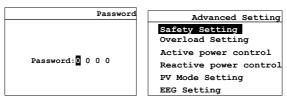
Press the "ESC" button to return to the "Basic Setting" page.



9.4.12 Safety regulations setting

Press the "▲" or "▼" button to enter the "Setting" item of main menu, choose the sub-menu "Advanced Setting" and press the " ◄ " button to enter, then a pop-up window for password appears. Enter the correct password and press the " ◄ " button to enter the "advanced setting" sub-menu page. Please get the correct password from the service engineer.

Then select the "Safety Setting" item and press the " - button to enter the "safety" page.



At the "safety" page, use the "▲" or "▼" button to adjust the selected parameter and confirm with the "♣" button, then adjust the next parameters in turn. Parameter adjustment will be finished after the "♣" button has been pressed. Press the "ESC" button to cancel.

	Safety		Safety
Standard:	DE VDE-AR-N 4105		
OVP2: OVP1: UVP1: UVP2:	265.5 V 185.0 V 255.0 V	OFP2: OFP1: UFP1: UFP2:	54.50 Hz 53.50 Hz 47.50 Hz 45.50 Hz
10Min-Mean	180.0 V 180.5 V		

There are two pages for safety regulation parameters setup. After adjusting the last parameter of the first page, the page will automatically jump to the second page.

NOTICE

The safety of the grid may be influenced due to the improper operating parameters

The default parameters settings comply with the local regulations.

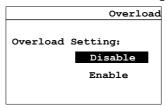
Don't change the values of the monitored operating limits unless the grid operator gives his approval.

9.4.13 Overload setting

Enter the sub-menu "Advanced Setting" and press the "▼" or "▲" button to select the "Overload Setting" and press the "◄" button to enter.

Use the "▲" or "▼" to choose "Enable" or "Disable".

Press the "ESC" button to return to the "Advanced Setting" page.



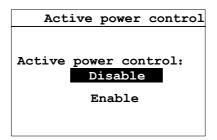
9.4.14 Active power control

Enter the sub-menu "Advanced Setting" and press the "▼" or "▲" button to select the "Active Power Control" and press the " ← " button to enter.

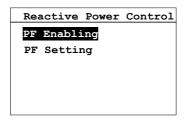
Use the "▲" or "▼" to choose "Enable" or "Disable".

Press the " - " button to activate the selection.

Press the "ESC" button to return to the "Advanced Setting" page.



Enter the "Advanced Setting" menu and press the "▼" or "▲" button to select the "Reactive Power Control" and press the " ◄ " button to enter the sub menu.

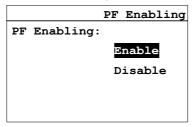


Select the "PF Enabling" item and press" 🗗 " to enter the PF Enabling page.

Then press "▲" or "▼" button to disable or enable the function.

Press the"

■" button to enter the reactive power control menu.



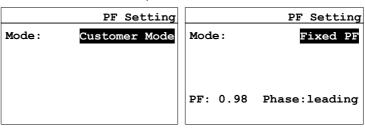
Use the "▲" or "▼" to choose control mode, the "Customer Mode" or "Fixed PF".

Choose the "Customer Mode" and press"Enter" button to restore the PF parameters to factory setting.

Use the " \blacktriangle " or " \blacktriangledown " to choose the "Fixed PF" mode and press the" \hookleftarrow " button. Then you can set the PF and phase in turn.

Press the " 🖊 " button to save.

Press the "ESC" button to return to previous menu.



9.4.16 PV Mode setting

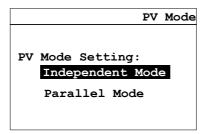
Enter the sub-menu "Advanced Setting", and press the "▼" or "▲" button to select

the "PV Mode Setting" and press the " - button to enter

Use the "▲" or "▼" button to choose the required PV Mode.

Press the " - " button to activate the selection.

Press the "ESC" button to return to the "Advanced Setting" page.



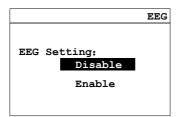
9.4.17 EEG setting

Enter the sub-menu "Advanced Setting", press the "▼" or "▲" button to select the

Use the "▲" or "▼" to choose "Enable" or "Disable".

Press the " - " button to activate the selection.

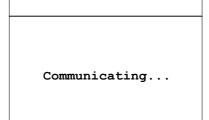
Press the "ESC" button to return to the "Advanced Setting" page.



9.4.18 Communication setting

Select the "Communication Setting" item with the "▼" or "▲" button in the "Settings" sub-menu and press " ← " button to enter.

You need wait a second for internal communication complete.



Commu	nication
IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Device Address:	3

Use the "▲" or "▼" to set the Modbus address.

Press the "ESC" button to return to the previous menu.

If you monitor the inverter via WiFi or Ethernet, the page will show the local IP address that inverter obtain from the router.

9.4.19 Device information

Press the " \blacktriangledown " or " \blacktriangle " button to select the "Device Info" item of the main menu and press the " \hookleftarrow " button to enter. Press the "ESC" button to return to the main menu.

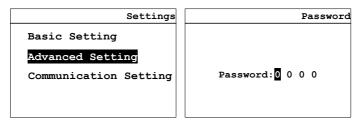
	Device	Info
TP: TLC8000		
s/n:123456789012	23456	
MCU:V1.00	.03017	-05
HMI:17524-751R	.50018	-07
STD:DE VDE-AR-N	4105	

9.4.20 Clear history data

Enter the "Advanced setting" page, then enter the correct password, and press the "

" button to enter the "Clear Data" page.

The password for entering the "Clear Data" page could be got from the service engineer.



Press the " - button to clear the historical data.



Press the "ESC" button to exit.

10 Technical data

10.1 DC input data

Туре	TLC4000	TLC5000	TLC6000
Rated input power (@cosφ =1)	4200 W	5200 W	6300 W
Max. recommended input power	4600W	5700 W	6300W
Max. input voltage/ Rated input voltage	1000V/640V		
MPP voltage range	200~900V		
Full load MPP voltage range	210~900 V 260~900 V 285~90		285~900V
Start-up DC input voltage	250V		
Min feed-in DC voltage	180V		
Max. DC input current(input A/ input B)	11A/11A		
I _{sc} PV, absolute max.(input A/ input B)	16.5A/16.5A		
Number of MPP trackers	2		
Strings per MPP tracker	1/1		

Туре	TLC8000	TLC10000	
Rated input power (@cosφ =1)	8200W	10500W	
Max. recommended input power	9000W	10500W	
Max. input voltage/ Rated input voltage	1000V / 640V		
MPP voltage range	200~900V		
Full load MPP voltage range	345∼900 V	400~900V	
Start-up DC input voltage	250V		
Min feed-in DC voltage	180V		
Max. DC input current(input A/ input B)	15A/11A		
I _{sc} PV, absolute max.(input A/ input B)	33A/16.5A		
Number of MPP trackers	2		
Strings per MPP tracker	2/1		

10.2 AC output data

Туре		TLC4000	TLC5000	TLC6000
, ·				
Rated output por	wer	4000 W	5000 W	6000 W
Max. output activ	ve power ⁽¹⁾	4400 W	5500 W	6000 W
Max. output appa	arent power	4400 VA	5500 VA	6000VA
Rated AC voltage	2	3/N/PE, 22	0/380V, 230/400	IV,240/415V
Rated AC voltage	e range (line to line) ⁽²⁾		277 V to 512 V	
Rated power fre	quence		50 Hz	
AC power freque	ency ⁽³⁾		50 Hz/ 60 Hz	
Operating range	at AC power frequency		//5 Uz to 55Uz	
50 Hz		45 Hz to 55Hz		
Operating range	at AC power frequency	55 Hz to 65Hz		
60 Hz		ארכם מו אם ככ		
Rated output cur	rent at 220 V	3×6.0A 3×7.5 A 3×9.1A		3×9.1A
Rated output cur	rent at 230 V	3×5.8 A 3×7.2 A 3×8.7 A		3×8.7 A
Rated output cur	rent at 240 V	3×5.5 A	3×6.9 A	3×8.3 A
Max. continuous	output current	3×6.0 A 3×7.5 A 3×9.1 A		3×9.1 A
Power factor	VDE-AR-N 4105	0.85 ind - 0.85 cap		р
rower ractor	Other safety	>0.97 at 20% load, >0.99 at 100% load		100% load
Inrush current(p	eak and duration)	28A@252µs 28A@250µs 28A@253µs		28A@253µs
Harmonic distor	tion (THD) at P _{ac,r}	< 3%		
Night-time powe	rloss	<0.6 W		
Standby power l	oss	<12 W		

Туре		TLC8000	TLC10000
Rated output pow	er	8000 W	10000 W
Max. output active	power ⁽¹⁾	8800 W	10000 W
Max. output appar	rent power	8800 VA	10000 VA
Rated AC voltage		3/N/PE, 220/380V, 230	/400V,240/415V
Rated AC voltage	range (line to line) ⁽²⁾	277 V to 51	12 V
Rated power freq	uence	50 Hz	
AC power frequer	ncy ⁽³⁾	50 Hz/ 60	Hz
Operating range a	at AC power frequency	45 Hz to 55Hz	
Operating range a	at AC power frequency	55 Hz to 65Hz	
Rated output curr	ent at 220 V	3×12.1 A 3×15.2 A	
Rated output curr	ent at 230 V	3×11.6 A 3×14.5 A	
Rated output curr	ent at 240 V	3×11.1 A 3×13.9 A	
Max. continuous c	output current	3×12.1 A 3×15.2 A	
Power factor	VDE-AR-N 4105	0.85ind - 0.85cap	
POWEI TACTOI	Other safety	>0.97 at 20% load, >0.99 at 100% load	
Inrush current(pe	ak and duration)	41A@252µs 41A@250µs	
Harmonic distortion	on (THD) at P _{ac,r}	< 3%	
Night-time power	loss	<0.6 W	
Standby power lo	SS	<12 W	

- (1) Maximum 10% AC overload can be activated by settings on LCD (refer to section 9.4.13), Please make sure that it is compliant with local regulations and DNO's requirements before enabling.
- (2) The AC voltage range depends on the local safety standards and rules.
- (3) The AC frequency range depends on the local safety standards and rules.

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10.3 General data

Туре	TLC4000~TLC6000	TLC8000~TLC10000	
Net weight	21 KG	24 KG	
DimensionsL×W×D	405×498×222 mm	405×498×255 mm	
Mounting environment	Indoor and C	Outdoor	
Mounting recommendation	Wall brad	cket	
Operating temperature range	-25+60	J°C	
Max. permissible value for relative humidity (non-condensing)	100%)	
Max. operating altitude above mean sea level	2000m		
Ingress protection	IP65 according to IEC60529		
Climatic category	4K4H		
Protection class	I (in accordance with IEC 62103)		
Overvoltage category	DC input: II, AC output: III		
Topology	Transformo	erless	
Feed-in phases	3		
Cooling concept	Convect	ion	
Noise	<40 dB(A) @ 1m	<45 dB(A) @ 1m	
Display	240×160 pixels, LCD		
Communication interfaces	RS485/USB/ Ethernet (optional) /wifi (optional)		
Standard warranty	5 years		

10.4 Safety regulations

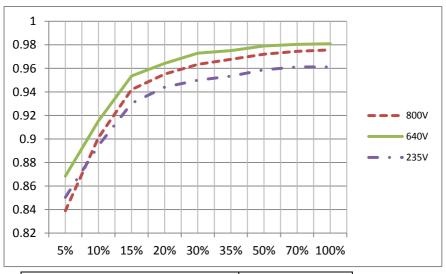
Туре	TLC4000~TLC10000	
Internal overvoltage protection	Integrated	
DC insulation monitoring	Integrated	
DC feed-in monitoring	Integrated	
Grid monitoring	Integrated	
DC isolator	Optional	
DC reverse polarity protection /	late averted	
AC short- circuit current capability	Integrated	
Residual current monitoring	Integrated	
Islanding protection	Integrated (Three-phase monitoring)	
EMC immunity	EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-2	
EMC emission	EN61000-6-3, EN61000-6-4	
Utility interference	EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3	
Overvoltage category (according to IEC 60664-1)	II (DC), III (AC)	

If you choose the safty standard VDE-AR-N 4105, please refer to information below. If a central NS protection device is used for power generation system, then the value of the rise-in-voltage protection U > of 1.1Un presented in the integrated NS protection can be changed, but need password.

10.5 Efficiency

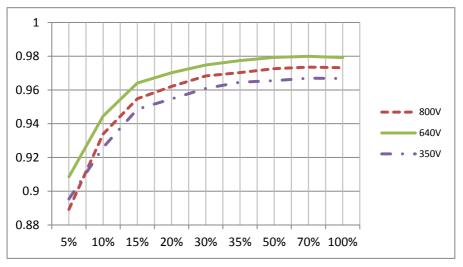
The operating efficiency is shown for the three input voltages (V_{mppmax} , $V_{dc,\,r}$ and V_{mppmin}) graphically. In all cases the efficiency refers to the standardized power output ($P_{ac}/P_{ac,r}$). (According to EN 50524 (VDE 0126-13): 2008-10, cl. 4.5.3). Notes: Values are based on rated grid voltage, cos (phi) = 1 and an ambient temperature of 25 °C.

Efficiency curve TLC4000



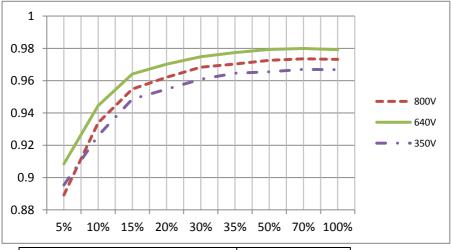
Max. efficiency, η _{max}	98.09 %
European weighted efficiency, η EU	96.99 %

Efficiency curve TLC5000



Max. efficiency, η _{max}	98.04 %
European weighted efficiency, η EU	97.12 %

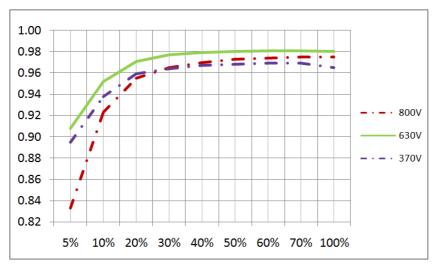
Efficiency curve TLC6000



Max. efficiency,η _{max}	97.99 %
European weighted efficiency, η $_{\text{EU}}$	97.34 %

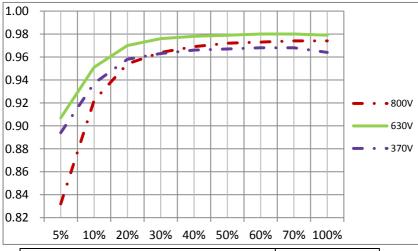
Efficiency curve TLC8000

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Max. efficiency, η _{max}	98.1%
European weighted efficiency, η_{EU}	97.5%

Efficiency curve TLC10000



Max. efficiency, η _{max}	98.1%
European weighted efficiency, $\eta_{\ EU}$	97.6%

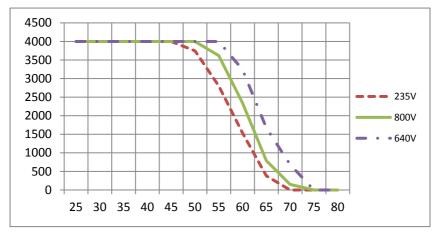
10.6 Power reduction

In order to ensure inverter operation under safe conditions, the device may automatically decrease power output.

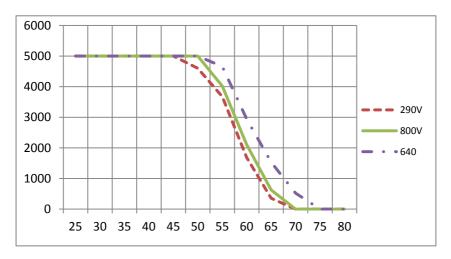
Power reduction depends on many operating parameters including ambient temperature, input voltage, grid voltage, grid frequency and power available from the PV modules. This device can decrease power output during certain periods of the day according to these parameters.

Notes: Values based on rated grid voltage and cos (phi) = 1.

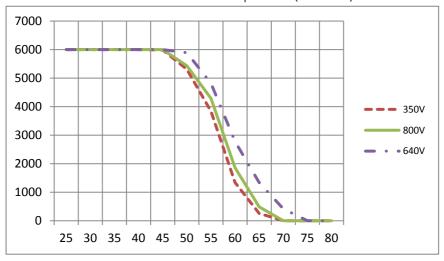
Power reduction with increased ambient temperature (TLC4000)



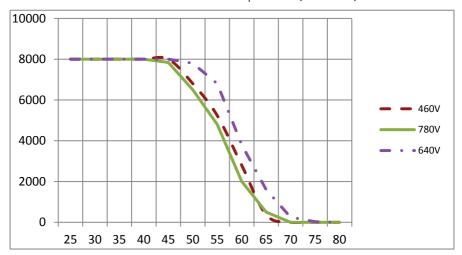
Power reduction with increased ambient temperature (TLC5000)



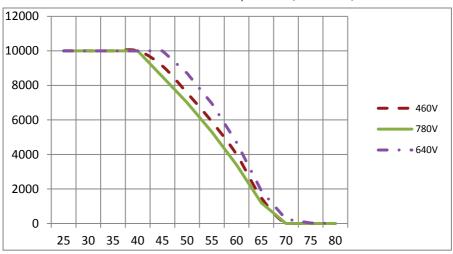
Power reduction with increased ambient temperature (TLC6000)



Power reduction with increased ambient temperature (TLC8000)



Power reduction with increased ambient temperature (TLC10000)



11 Troubleshooting

When the PV power plant does not operate normally, fault information will be show up on the display and the red LED will be lit at the same time.

We recommend the following actions for quick troubleshooting.

The corresponding causes are described in section 9.3 "Display messages".

Object	Error	Corrective measures
	code	
	33	•Check the grid frequency and observe how often major fluctuations occur. If this faultis caused by frequent fluctuations, try to modify the operating parameters after informing the utility provider first.
Resumable	34	Check the grid voltage and grid connection on the inverter. Check the grid voltage at the point of connection of the inverter. If the grid voltage is outside the permitted range due to local grid conditions, try to modify the values of the monitored operating limits after informing the electric utility company first. If the grid voltage lies within the permitted range and this fault still occurs, contact the service.
Fault	35	 Check the fuse and the triggering of AC circuit breaker in the distribution box. Check grid voltage, grid usability. Check AC cable, grid connection on the inverter. If this fault is still being shown, contact the service.
	36	•Make sure the ground connection of the inverter is reliable.•Make a visual inspection of all PV cables and modules.If this fault is still shown, contact the service.
	37	·Check the open-circuit voltages of the PV strings, make sure it is lower than the Max. DC input voltage of the inverter. If the input voltage lies within the permitted range and the fault still occurs, contact the service.
	38	·Check the PV generator's insulation to ground, make sure that the

		insulation resistance to earth is greater than 1M0hm; Otherwise,
		make a visual inspection of all PV cables and modules.
		·Make sure the ground connection of the inverter is reliable.
		If this fault occurs often, contact the service.
40	40	·Check whether the airflow to the heat sink is obstructed.
		·Check whether the ambient temperature around the inverter is too
		high.
	41.47	·Disconnect the inverter from the grid and the PV generator,
Resumable 41, 42 43, 44	reconnect them after 3 minutes.	
	If this fault is still being shown, contact the service.	
		·Check the open-circuit voltages of the strings, make sure it is lower
46		than the Max. DC input voltage of the inverter;
	46	If the input voltage lies within the permitted range, and the fault
		still occurs, maybe the internal circuit has broken, contact the
		service.
Permanent c	1,2,3,4,8,	Disconnect the inverter from the grid and the PV generator,
	9,10,	reconnect them after 3 minutes. If this fault is still being shown,
	11,39	contact the service.
	ככ,וו	Contact the service.

12 Maintenance

Normally, the inverter needs no maintenance or calibration. Regularly inspect the inverter and the cables for visible damage. Disconnect the inverter from all power sources before cleaning. Clean the housing, cover and display with a soft cloth. Ensure the heatsink at the rear of the inverter cover is not covered.

12.1 Cleaning the contacts of the DC-switch

Clean the contacts of the DC-switch once per year. Perform cleaning by cycling the switch to "1" and "0" positions 5 times. The DC-switch is located at the lower left of the housing.

12.2 Cleaning the heat sink



Risk injury due to hot heat sink

- ·Wait approx. 30 minutes before cleaning until the heatsink has cooled down.

Clean the heat sink with pressurized air or a soft brush. Do not use aggressive chemicals, cleaning solvents or strong detergents.

For proper function and long service life, ensure free air circulation around the heatsink.

13 Recycling and disposal

Dispose of the packaging and replaced parts according to the rules at the installation site where the device is installed.

Do not dispose the inverter with normal domestic waste.





WEEE designation

Do not dispose of the product together with the household waste but in accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at the installation site.

14 EU Declaration of Conformity

within the scope of the EU directives

- Electromagnetic compatibility 2014/30/EU (L 96/79-106, March 29, 2014) (EMC).
- Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU.(L 96/357-374, March 29, 2014)(LVD). SMA New Energy Technology (Jiangsu) Co., Ltd. confirms herewith that the inverters described in this document are in compliance with the fundamental requirements and other relevant provisions of the abovementioned directives. The entire EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at www.zeversolar.com.

15 Warranty

The factory warranty card is enclosed with the package, please keep well the factory warranty card. Warranty terms and conditions can be downloaded at www.zeversolar.com/service/warranty/ if required. When the customer needs warranty service during the warranty period, the customer must provide a copy of the invoice, factory warranty card, and ensure the type label of the inverter is legible. If these conditions are not met, Zeversolar has the right to refuse to provide with the relevant warranty service.

16 Contact

If you have any technical problems concerning our products, please contact our service. We require the following information in order to provide you with the necessary assistance:

- · Inverter device type
- · Inverter serial number
- · Type and number of connected PV modules
- · Error code
- · Mounting location
- · Warranty card

Zeversolar Service Contact

Our regional service contact information can be found at : https://www.zeversolar.com/service/customer-interaction-center/

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Headquarters add.: Building 9, No.198 Xiangyang Road, Suzhou 215011, China

540-00115-02

REV	DATE
02	2017/08/08